

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to show the underlined part that needs correction in each of the following questions from 1 to 3.

Câu 1: She wishes we didn't send her the candy yesterday because she's on a diet
A. didn't send B. because C. on a D. candy

Câu 2: I'd like to see him in my office the moment he will arrive.
A. will arrive B. to see C. in D. office

Câu 3: You needn't give me any more advices because, from now on, I can cope with it on my own.
A. needn't B. advices C. now on D. with it

Mark the letter A, B, C or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word that differs from the rest in the position of the main stress in each of the following questions from 4 to 5.

Câu 4: A. environment B. biology C. geography D. scientific

Câu 5: A. occasional B. kindergarten C. affectionate D. respectable

Mark the letter A, B, C or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word whose underlined part is pronounced differently from others from 6 to 7.

Câu 6: A. educate B. stranger C. ancient D. transfer

Câu 7: A. many B. carry C. bury D. heavy

Mark the letter A, B, C or D on your answer sheet to indicate the most suitable respond to complete each of the following exchanges from 8 to 9.

Câu 8: Peter: "During the trip, we can visit some wildlife reserves to see lions and giraffes."

Nam: "_____"

- A. Really? I am so excited. B. That was OK at first.
C. That's great. How does it work? D. Oh, I see. No problem.

Câu 9: Dick: "You should not leave the light on when you are away."

Jane: "_____"

- A. Try me! B. That's a good idea. C. OK, let's do it. D. You are right.

Read the following passage, and mark the letter (A, B, C or D) on your answer sheet to indicate the correct answer for each of the blanks from 10 to 14.

If you want to prepare yourself for great achievement and have more to10..... your education or your work, try reading more books. Pick up some of the interestingly informative books and search for well – searched materials that can help you grow.

We should11..... our children to read more books and spend less time watching TV. Some people have commented that this is inconsistent. "Why is the written word a superior way to get information than television?" That is an interesting point of view worth further exploration. Reading is a skill that is in much greater demand than the demand for watching TV. There are no jobs that require a person to be able to watch TV but reading is an integral part of many jobs. The written word is an incredibly flexible and efficient way of communication. You can write something down and, in no time, it can be12..... to many different people. Not only that, we can13..... vast amount of information through reading in a very short time. A good reader can acquire more information in reading for two hours than someone watching TV can acquire in a full day. You are able to gain a lot of information quickly because you are a fast reader with good14..... skills. It will save you massive amount of time and you will be able to assimilate vast quantities of information.

Câu 10: A. gain B. gather C. collect D. contribute

Câu 11: A. discuss B. suggest C. encourage D. define

Câu 12: A. submitted B. communicated C. sent D. handed

Câu 13: A. breathe B. digest C. inhale D. eat
Câu 14: A. apprehension B. enjoyment C. comprehension D. entertainment

Mark the letter A, B, C or D on your answer sheet to indicate the sentence that is closest in meaning to each of the following questions from 15 to 17.

Câu 15: The concert wasn't as good as we had expected.
A. The concert was thought to be good. B. We thought the concert would be much better.
C. We expected the concert to be worse. D. The concert was as good as we had thought.

Câu 16: She broke down the moment she heard the news.
A. She was broken for a moment when she heard the news. B. On hearing the news, she broke down.
C. She broke her leg when hearing the news. D. When she heard the news, she was sick.

Câu 17: Please don't ask her to the party.
A. I'd rather you didn't invite her to the party. B. You ask her to the party, don't you?
C. I'd rather not ask her to the party. D. Please don't ask her about the party.

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word or phrase that is CLOSEST in meaning to the underlined part in each of the following questions from 18 to 19.

Câu 18: At fifty-five, he began life again, determined with his pen to wipe out the debt.
A. rub out B. pay off C. bump off D. give up

Câu 19: The National Institute of Mental Health is conducting far-reaching research to determine the psychological effects of using drugs.

A. refined B. extensive C. prevalent D. tentative

Mark the letter A, B, C or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct answer to each of the following questions from 20 to 31.

Câu 20: My mother told me to _____ for an electrician when her fan was out of order.
A. rent B. send C. write D. turn

Câu 21: Unemployment is on the rise again, which means that good jobs are _____.
A. far and away B. far from it C. as far as they go D. few and far between

Câu 22: iPhone 7 is the latest _____ in the field of smartphone design of Apple.
A. creativity B. creator C. creation D. create

Câu 23: The press puts _____ on the police forces who were unable to cope with the crowd of savage hooligans.
A. guilt B. charge C. fault D. blame

Câu 24: I never leave any electrical appliances on standby and I think it is a good way to _____ energy in the home.
A. take care of B. use C. conserve D. keep

Câu 25: My brother _____ at the road when he _____ into a hole.
A. wasn't looking - was falling B. didn't look - has fallen
C. wasn't looking - fell D. won't look - fall

Câu 26: Suddenly, _____ a helicopter.
A. there flew over the hill B. it flew over the hill
C. over the hill flew D. flew over the hill

Câu 27: The map of top ten most densely _____ countries in the world includes Monaco, Singapore, Bahrain, Malta and Bangladesh.

A. populated B. populating C. population D. popular

Câu 28: I _____ this letter around for days without looking at it.
A. carry B. must carry C. have been carrying D. am carrying

Câu 29: The doctor recommended that she _____ a specialist about the problem.
A. be seen B. seeing C. should be seen D. should see

Câu 30: In Africa, people's interference in the rhino's _____ leads to habitat loss.
A. territory B. sector C. domain D. country

Câu 31: Mark Zuckerberg's enormous success has taken a lot of hard work and _____.

- A. reputation B. loyalty C. dedication D. indifference

Mark the letter A, B, C or D on your answer sheet to indicate that best combine this pair of sentences in the following questions from 32 to 33.

Câu 32: Sam was all ready to leave the office. The phone rang.

- A. Sam was on the point of leaving the office when the phone rang.
 B. Sam was bound to leave the office when the phone rang.
 C. Sam was about to leave the office then the phone rang.
 D. Sam was leaving the office as soon as the phone rang.

Câu 33: She keeps disagreeing with her boss. She's likely to lose her job.

- A. When she keeps disagreeing with her boss, she may get sacked from her job.
 B. Although she keeps disagreeing with her boss, she's in danger of being fired from her job.
 C. She may have lost her job if she keeps disagreeing with her boss.
 D. If she keeps disagreeing with her boss, she's in danger of getting dismissed from her job.

Read the following passage, and mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct answer to each of the questions from 34 to 40.

Martin Luther King, Jr., is well known for his work in civil rights and for his many famous speeches, among them is his moving "I Have A Dream" speech. But fewer people know much about King's childhood. M.L., as he was called, was born in 1929 in Atlanta, Georgia, at the home of his maternal grandfather. M.L.'s grandfather, the Reverend A.D. Williams, purchased their home on Auburn Avenue in 1909, twenty years before M.L. was born. The Reverend Williams, an eloquent speaker, played an important role in the community since so many people's lives centered around the church. He allowed his church and his home to be used as a meeting place for a number of organizations dedicated to the education and social advancement of blacks. M.L. grew up in this atmosphere, with his home being used as a community **gathering** place, and was no doubt influenced by it.

M.L.'s childhood was not especially eventful. His father was a minister and his mother was a musician. He was the second of three children, and he attended all-black schools in a black neighborhood. The neighborhood was not poor, however. Auburn Avenue was the main artery through a prosperous neighborhood that had come to symbolize achievement for Atlanta's black people. It was an area of banks, insurance companies, builders, jewelers, **tailors**, doctors, lawyers, and other black-owner, black-operated businesses, and services. Even in the face of Atlanta's segregation, the district thrived. Dr. King never forgot the community spirit he had known as a child, nor did he forget the racial prejudice that was a seemingly insurmountable barrier that kept black Atlanta from mingling with whites.

Câu 34: What is this passage mainly about?

- A. the prejudice that existed in Atlanta B. Martin Luther King's grandfather
 C. Martin Luther King's childhood D. the neighborhood King grew up in

Câu 35: The word "**gathering**" in paragraph 1 could best be replaced by _____.

- A. picking B. learning C. exciting D. meeting

Câu 36: According to the author, King was influenced by _____.

- A. community spirit B. black lawyers. C. his mother D. his speeches

Câu 37: The word "**it**" in paragraph 2 refers to _____.

- A. achievement B. segregation C. neighborhood D. services

Câu 38: According to the author, blacks in King's neighborhood were involved in all the following businesses and services EXCEPT _____.

- A. dentistry B. medicine C. law D. banking

Câu 39: The word "**tailors**" in paragraph 2 describes people who are associated with which of the following trades?

- A. flower arranging B. shoe making C. garment making D. book binding

Câu 40: According to the author, M.L. _____.

- A. had a difficult childhood B. was a good musician as a child.
 C. loved to listen to his grandfather speak D. grew up in a relatively rich area of Atlanta.

Mark the letter A, B, C or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word (s) **OPPOSITE** in meaning to the underlined word (s) in the following question from 41 to 42.

Câu 41: I'd love to come, but I am snowed under at the moment.

- A. am busy B. have free time C. have a bad cold D. am on the move

Câu 42: The best hope of avoiding down-market tabloid TV future lies in the pressure currently being put on the networks to clean up their act.

- A. expensive B. famous C. poor quality D. uncreative

Read the following passage, and mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct answer to each of the questions from 43 to 50.

An air pollutant is defined as a compound added directly or indirectly by humans to the atmosphere in such quantities as to affect humans, animals, vegetation, or materials **adversely**. Air pollution requires a very flexible definition that permits continuous change. When the first air pollution laws were established in England in the fourteenth century, air pollutants were limited to compounds that could be seen or smelled - a far cry from the extensive list of harmful substances known today. As technology has developed and knowledge of the health aspects of various chemicals has increased, the list of air pollutants has lengthened. In the future, even water vapor might be considered an air pollutant under certain conditions.

Many of the more important air pollutants, such as sulfur oxides, carbon monoxide, and nitrogen oxides, are found in nature. As the Earth developed, the concentration of these pollutants was altered by various chemical reactions; they became components in biogeochemical cycles. **These** serve as an air purification scheme by allowing the compounds dwarfs that resulting from human activities.

However, human production usually occurs in a localized area, such as a city. In such a region, human output may be dominant and may temporarily overload the natural purification scheme of the cycles. The result is an increased concentration of noxious chemicals in the air. The concentrations at which the adverse effects appear will be greater than the concentrations that the pollutants would have in the absence of human activities. The actual concentration need not be large for a substance to be a pollutant; in fact, the numerical value tells us little until we know how much of an increase this represents over the concentration that would occur naturally in the area. For example, sulfur dioxide has **detectable** health effects at 0.08 parts per million (ppm), which is about 400 times its natural level. Carbon monoxide, however, has a natural level of 0.1 ppm and is not usually a pollutant until its level reaches about 15 ppm.

Câu 43: What does the passage mainly discuss?

- A. The effects of compounds added to the atmosphere. B. What constitutes an air pollutant?
C. The economic impact of air pollution. D. How much harm air pollutants can cause.

Câu 44: The word "**adversely**" in the first paragraph is closest in meaning to _____.

- A. quickly B. considerably C. admittedly D. negatively

Câu 45: According to the passage, human-generated air pollution in localized regions _____.

- A. can be dwarfed by nature's output of pollutants
B. can overwhelm the natural system that removes pollutants
C. will damage areas outside of the localized regions
D. will react harmfully with natural pollutants

Câu 46: The word "**These**" in the second paragraph is closest in meaning to _____.

- A. the components in biogeochemical cycles B. the compounds moved to the water or soil
C. the pollutants from the developing Earth D. the various chemical reactions

Câu 47: It can be inferred from the first paragraph that _____.

- A. a substance becomes an air pollutant only in cities
B. the definition of air pollution will **continue** to change
C. most air pollutants today can be seen or smelled
D. water vapor is an air pollutant in localized areas

Câu 48: According to the passage, the numerical value of the concentration level of a substance is only useful if _____.

- A. the other substances in the area are known B. it is in a localized area
C. the natural level is also known D. it can be calculated quickly

Câu 49: The word "**detectable**" in the third paragraph is closest in meaning to _____.

- A. measurable B. special C. separable D. beneficial

Câu 50: For which of the following reasons can natural pollutants play an important role in controlling air pollution?

- A. They function as part of a purification process.
- B. They occur in greater quantities than other pollutants.
- C. They are less harmful to living beings than other pollutants.
- D. They have existed since the Earth developed.

----- THE END -----

ĐÁP ÁN

1-A	2-A	3-B	4-D	5-B	6-D	7-B	8-A	9-D	10-D
11-C	12-B	13-B	14-C	15-B	16-B	17-A	18-B	19-B	20-B
21-D	22-C	23-D	24-C	25-C	26-C	27-A	28-C	29-D	30-A
31-C	32-A	33-D	34-C	35-D	36-A	37-C	38-A	39-C	40-D
41-B	42-A	43-B	44-D	45-B	46-A	47-B	48-C	49-A	50-A

(Lời giải chi tiết các bạn cài đặt app luyện thi thpt qg 2019 trên điện thoại di động)

- Ứng dụng luyện thi THPT quốc gia 2019 trực tuyến với rất nhiều đề thi thử và chuyên đề hay có lời giải chi tiết.

- **Link cài đặt:**

Android: <https://goo.gl/VWJE2p>

IOS: <https://goo.gl/T2qT>

Dưới đây là hình ảnh (1000 đề) về app luyện thi THPT QG 2019 :

Ứng dụng của tôi

Mua sắm

Trò chơi

Gia đình

Lựa chọn của biên tập viên

Tài khoản

Đăng ký của tôi

Đổi

Danh sách yêu thích

HĐ của tôi trên Play

Hướng dẫn dành cho phụ huynh



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3+

Chứa quảng cáo · Cho phép mua hàng trong ứng dụng

⚠️ Bạn không có bất kỳ thiết bị nào.

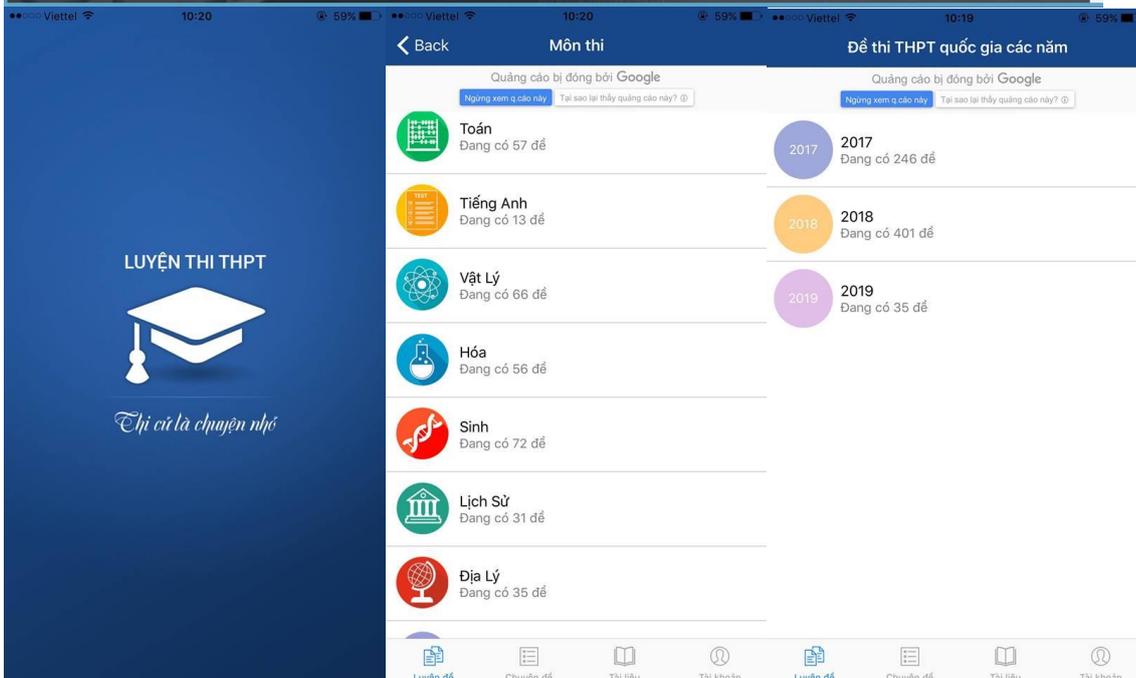
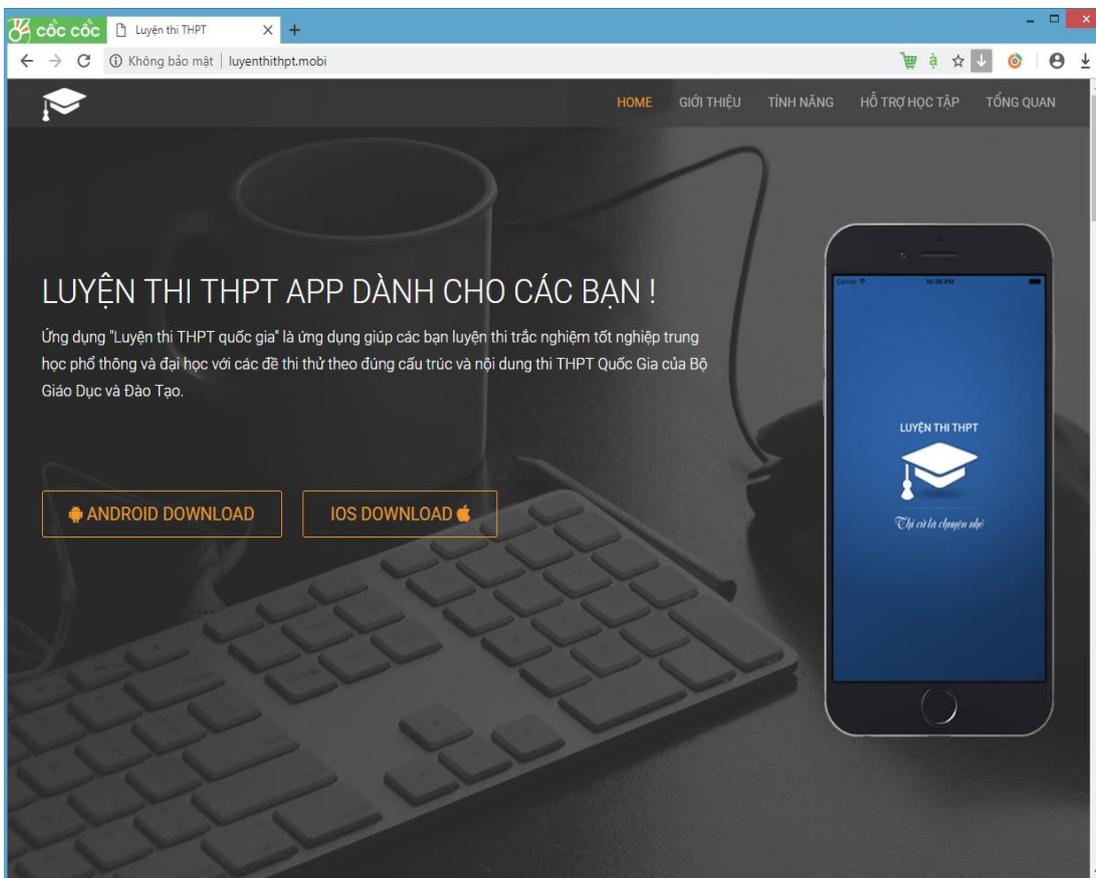
➕ Thêm vào danh sách mong muốn

Cài đặt



Ứng dụng "Luyện thi THPT quốc gia" là ứng dụng giúp các bạn luyện thi trắc nghiệm tốt nghiệp trung học phổ thông và đại học với các đề thi thử theo đúng cấu trúc và nội dung thi THPT Quốc Gia của Bộ Giáo Dục và Đào Tạo.

Với kho đề thi, bài tập theo chuyên đề phong phú, tất cả đều có đáp án, lời giải chi tiết. Được cập nhật liên tục và chọn lọc từ các trường trên cả nước.



Back Môn Lịch Sử - THPT Nguyễn Viết Xuâ...
Back KSCL Toán 12 - THPT Chuyên Vĩnh P...
Môn thi
Danh sách đề thi

1/40

00:49:52
Đã làm: 0/40

Nộp bài

2/50

01:29:55
Đã làm: 0/50

Nộp bài

Câu 1:
Lễ ký hiệp định đình chiến tại Bản Môn Diêm (7/1953) trên bán đảo Triều Tiên chứng tỏ:

A CHDCND Triều Tiên và Hàn Quốc đi theo định hướng khác nhau

B mở ra quá trình thống nhất trên bán đảo Triều Tiên.

C cuộc nội chiến giữa hai miền Triều Tiên kết thúc.

D hai nước cùng bắt tay xây dựng đất nước.

Chọn đáp án

A B C D

Báo lỗi **Xem nhanh** > <

Câu 2:
Đường cong dưới đây là đồ thị một hàm số được liệt kê ở bốn phương án A, B, C, D
Hỏi hàm số đó là hàm số nào?

A $y = 2x^4 - 4x^2 + 1$.

B $y = -2x^4 + 4x^2$.

Chọn đáp án

A B C D

Báo lỗi **Xem nhanh** >

Môn Lịch Sử - THPT Chuyên Hưng Yên - Lần 2
69702 Miễn phí

Môn Lịch Sử - THPT Chuyên Bắc Giang - Lần 1
31208 Miễn phí

THPT Quảng Xương 1 - Thanh Hóa - Lần 2
34830 Miễn phí

Sở GD&ĐT Bắc Ninh - Lần 1
25556 Miễn phí

THPT Phạm Công Bình - Vĩnh Phúc - Lần 1
15658 Miễn phí

THPT Nguyễn Thị Minh Khai - Hà Tĩnh - Lần 1
15100 Miễn phí

THPT Liễn Sơn - Vĩnh Phúc - Lần 1
11314 Miễn phí

THPT Chuyên Lý Tự Trọng - Nam Định - Lần 1
11357 Miễn phí

THPT Chuyên Trần Phú - Hải Phòng - Lần 1
9494 Miễn phí

THPT Chuyên Phan Bội Châu - Nghệ An - Lần 1
10959 Miễn phí

THPT Chuyên Thái Nguyên - Thái Nguyên - Lần 1

Luyện đề
Chuyên đề
Tài liệu
Tài khoản